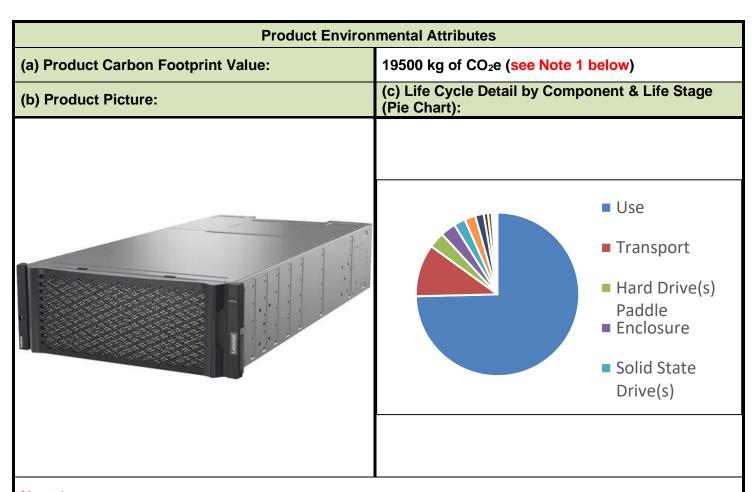
# **Lenovo Product Carbon Footprint (PCF) Information Sheet**

Storage

Commercial Name	Lenovo ThinkSystem DE600S	
Model Number	7Y69	Lenovo
Issue Date	Jun. 30, 2021	



### Note 1:

All estimates of carbon footprint are uncertain. Lenovo reports the 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of the carbon footprint estimate to reflect that uncertainty. For this product, that estimate has a mean of 11800 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>e and standard deviation of 1550 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>e. For a quantity that follows a normal distribution, the 95th percentile value is equal to the mean plus the standard deviation multiplied by 1.64. Other organizations might report this value as 11800 +/- 1550 kg of CO<sub>2</sub>e. Results are for the server only. Datacenter values are not reported.

This PCF was generated using the Product Attribute to Impact Algorithm model, Version December 12, 2020, Date: December 12, 2020 (Product Type: 7Y69), © Massachusetts Institute of Technology's Materials Systems Laboratory, August 2012. Please refer to the Intended Uses and Limitations of the PAIA Model, © Massachusetts Institute of Technology's Materials Systems Laboratory, March 2017 for further details. Link to Document

This calculation was based upon a Lenovo ThinkSystem DE600S with the assumptions and configuration described in the calculation assumptions in the next page.



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This pie chart provides the percent contribution of the mean value for each element of the analysis for the full life cycle  $CO_2$ e impacts of the product. Individual elements displaying 0% are less than 0.5%.

Assumption Table  Category Element Unit Input Mean COV								
Category	Element	Unit	Input	Mean	COV			
	Product Weight	kg	111.5					
Product Specifics	Form Factor – Tower/Rack/Blade	no unit	Rack					
	If Blade server, number of servers sharing enclosure	number						
	If Blade server, number of PSUs	number						
	If Blade server, number of fans	number						
	If Tower server, number of PSUs	number						
	If Tower server, number of fans	number						
	If Rack server, number of servers sharing rack	number	10					
	If Rack server, number of PSUs	number	2					
	If Rack server, number of fans	number	4					
	If Rack server, are PSUs/fans dedicated or shared	no unit	Yes					
	Number of CPUs used by server	number	0					
	Number of HDDs used by server	number	60					
	Number of SSDs used by server	number	0					
	Product Lifetime	years	3					
Location	Assembly Location	no unit	CN					
	Use Location	no unit	US					
Transportation from Assembly to Customer	To country of use: by air	fraction	0.3					
	To country of use: by ship	fraction	0.08					
	To country of use: by rail	fraction	0.62					
	To country of use: by truck	fraction						
	In country of use: by air	fraction						
	In country of use: by ship	fraction						
	In country of use: by rail	fraction						
	In country of use: by truck	fraction	1					



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End of Life	Fraction Recycled (remainder to landfill)	fraction	0.2	
	Fraction Shredded Recycling (remainder to manual)	fraction	0.8	

The PCF value is calculated using the specific attributes above for assembly, use and transportation mode. If you need any other country specific information, please contact <a href="mailto:environment@lenovo.com">environment@lenovo.com</a>.

#### Notes:

Life cycle phases included in the streamlined Product Attribute to Impact Algorithm (PAIA) Life Cycle Analysis (LCA) can be grouped into four categories which include Manufacture, Transport, Use, and End of Life. Below is a brief description of each phase.

<u>Manufacture:</u> This life cycle phase captures emissions generated during the extraction, production, and transport of raw materials, the manufacture of components and subassemblies (including the product packaging) and product assembly.

<u>Transport:</u> Emissions included in the transport phase include all those generated during the air, ocean or land transport of finished or semi-finished Lenovo products between Lenovo facilities and from Lenovo facilities to customers.

<u>Use:</u> In use energy consumption is calculated in accordance with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Energy Star® Typical Energy Consumption (TEC) methodology. Calculated energy consumption is then used in combination with average emissions factors for the designated country of use to calculate emissions.

<u>End of Life:</u> It is assumed that a designated portion of the product (see table above) is recycled at the end of the use period determined in the TEC methodology. It is also assumed that the balance of the product waste materials is disposed of by landfill. Emissions generated during the mechanical destruction, separation and transport of end of life materials are included in the calculation.

Product scope of this sheet includes desktop computer, integrated desktop computer, notebook computer, monitor and tablet. This document is only valid in connection with "THE ECO DECLARATION" of the specific product.

## The above results are for a single industry-average rack server.

If tower: This tower server's chassis is included in the analysis under the category "Encasement/enclosure/rack/chassis."

If blade: This blade server is housed in a blade enclosure. The blade enclosure has slots, and an equal allocation of enclosure is made to each server.

If rack: A rack mount IS considered in this analysis.

If rack and mount is included: The rack mount has 21 filled slot/s, and this results in an allocation to each server of 1/21 amount of rack mount.

The datacenter PUE multiplier estimate is 2.